



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
Cambridge International Primary Achievement Test

MATHEMATICS

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Paper 2

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MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark : 39

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Mark Schemes have been issued on the basis of **one** copy per Assistant examiner and **two** copies per Team Leader.



This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.



Mathematics mark schemes – Achievement Test

Guidelines for marking test papers

These mark schemes are designed to provide you with all the information necessary to mark the Primary Mathematics Achievement Tests. As far as possible, the mark schemes give you full guidance regarding acceptable and unacceptable alternative answers and, where appropriate, include examples of student work to illustrate the marking points. However, it is not always possible to predict all the alternative answers that may be produced by students and there could be places where the marker will have to use their professional judgement. In these cases it is essential that such judgement be applied consistently.

The guidelines below should be followed throughout (**unless the mark scheme states otherwise**):

- A correct answer should always be awarded full marks even if the working shown is wrong.
- Where more than one mark is available for a question the mark scheme explains where each mark should be awarded. In some cases marks are available for demonstration of the correct method even if the final answer is incorrect. The method marks can be awarded if the correct method is used but a mistake has been made in the calculation, resulting in a wrong answer. Method marks can also be awarded if the calculation is set up and performed correctly but incorrect values have been used, e.g. due to misreading the question or a mistake earlier in a series of calculations.
- If a question uses the answer to a previous question or part question that the student answered incorrectly, all available marks can be awarded for the latter question if appropriate calculations are performed correctly using the value carried forward. Places where such consideration should be made are indicated in the mark schemes. In these cases, it is not possible to provide all the alternative acceptable answers and the marker must follow the student's working to determine whether credit should be given or not.
- Half marks should not be awarded and at no point should an answer be awarded more than the maximum number of marks available, regardless of the quality of the answer.
- If the student has given more than one answer, the marks can be awarded if all the answers given are correct. However, if correct and incorrect answers are given together, marks should not be awarded (marks for correct working out can still be gained).
- If the answer line is blank but the correct answer is given elsewhere, e.g. an annotation on a graph or at the end of the working out, the marks can be awarded provided it is clear that the student has understood the requirements of the question.
- If the response on the answer line is incorrect but the correct answer is shown elsewhere, full marks can still be awarded if the student has made the error when copying the answer onto the answer line. If the incorrect final answer is the result of redundant additional working after the correct answer had been reached, the marks can be awarded provided the extra work does not contradict that already done.

- Each question and part question should be considered independently and marks for one question should not be disallowed if they are contradicted by working or answers in another question or part question.
- Any legible crossed-out work that has not been replaced can be marked; but, if work has been replaced, the crossed-out part should be ignored.
- If the student's response is numerically or algebraically equivalent to the answer in the mark scheme, the mark should be given unless a particular form of answer was specified by the question.
- Diagrams, symbols or words are acceptable for explanations or responses.
- Where students are required to indicate the correct answer in a specific way, e.g. by underlining, marks should be awarded for any unambiguous indication, e.g. circling or ticking.
- Any method of setting out working should be accepted.
- Standard rules for acceptable formats of answers involving units, money, duration and time are given overleaf.

Each question on the test paper has a box beside it for the teacher to record the mark obtained. It is advisable to use these boxes so that students, and others looking at the test papers, can clearly see where the marks have been awarded.

It should also be noted that marking in red ink and using the mark boxes is an essential requirement for the Achievement tests.

General rules for alternative answers

In most places on the mark schemes acceptable and unacceptable alternative answers are given in detail, however some general rules are given overleaf and are not necessarily repeated in full for each question that they apply.

Number and Place value

The table shows various general rules in terms of acceptable decimal answers.

Accept
Accept omission of leading zero if answer is clearly shown, e.g. .675
Accept trailing zeros, unless the question has asked for a specific number of decimal places, e.g. 0.7000
Always accept appropriate trailing zeros, e.g. 3.00m; 5.000kg
Accept a comma as a decimal point if that is that convention that you have taught the students, e.g. 0,638

Units

For questions involving quantities, e.g. length, mass, time or money, correct units must be given in the answer. The table shows acceptable and unacceptable versions of the answer 1.85m.

	Correct answer	Also accept	Do not accept
Units are not given on answer line and question does not specify unit for the answer.	1.85m	Correct conversions provided that the unit is stated, e.g. 1m 85cm 185cm 1850mm 0.00185km	1.85 185m
If the unit is given on the answer line, e.g.m1.85..... m	Correct conversions, provided the unit is stated unambiguously, e.g.185cm..... m185.....m1850..... m etc.
If the question states that the answer should be given in a specified unit, e.g. "Give your answer in metres"	1.85m	1.85 1m 85cm	185; 1850 Any conversions to other units, e.g. 185cm

Note: if the answer line is left blank but the correct answer is given elsewhere on the page, it can be marked correct if the units match those on the answer line or are unambiguously stated.

Money

For questions involving money, it is essential that appropriate units are given in the answer.

The table shows acceptable and unacceptable versions.

	Accept	Do not accept
If the amount is in dollars and cents, the answer should be given to two decimal places.	\$0.30 \$9 or \$9.00	
If units are not given on answer line	Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount, e.g. 30 cents; 30 c \$0.30; \$0.30c; \$0.30cents \$0-30; \$0=30; \$0:30	30 or 0.30 without a unit Incorrect or ambiguous answers, e.g. \$0.3; \$30; \$30cents; 0.30cents
If \$ is shown on the answer line	\$..... 0.30 \$..... 0.30 cents Accept all unambiguous indications, as shown above	\$..... 30 \$..... 30 cents (this cannot be accepted because it is ambiguous, but if the dollar sign is deleted it becomes acceptable)
If cents is shown on the answer line 30cents \$0.30cents 0.30cents \$30cents

Duration

Accept any unambiguous method of showing duration and all reasonable abbreviations of hours (h, hr, hrs), minutes (m, min, mins) and seconds (s, sec, secs).

Accept	Do not accept
Any unambiguous indication using any reasonable abbreviations of hours (h, hr, hrs), minutes (m, min, mins) and seconds (s, sec, secs), e.g. 2 hours 30 minutes; 2h 30m; 02h 30m 5 min 24 sec; 00h 05m 24s	Incorrect or ambiguous formats, e.g. 2.30; 2.3; 2.30 hours; 2.30 min; 2h 3; 2.3h
Any correct conversion with appropriate units, e.g. 2.5 hours; 150 mins 324 seconds	2.5; 150 324
Also accept unambiguous digital stopwatch format, e.g. 02:30:00 00:05:24; 05:24s	Do not accept ambiguous indications, e.g. 02:30 5.24

Time

There are many ways to write times, in both numbers and words, and marks should be awarded for any unambiguous method. Accept time written in numbers or words unless there is a specific instruction in the question. Some examples are given in the table.

Accept	Do not accept
<p>Any unambiguous indication of correct answer in numbers, words or a combination of the two, e.g. 07:30, 19:00</p> <p>0730; 07 30; 07.30; 07.30; 07-30; 7.30; 730 a.m.; 7.30am; 7.30 in the morning</p> <p>Half past seven (o'clock) in the morning Thirty minutes past seven am Also accept: O-seven-thirty</p> <p>1900; 19 00; 19_00 etc.</p> <p>Nineteen hundred (hours) Seven o'clock in the afternoon/evening</p> <p>Accept correct conversion to 12-hour clock, e.g. 16:42 4:42 p.m.</p> <p>Sixteen forty two Four-forty-two in the afternoon/evening Four forty two p.m. Forty two (minutes) past four p.m. Eighteen (minutes) to five in the evening</p> <p>Also accept a combination of numbers and words, e.g. 18 minutes to 5 p.m. 42 minutes past 4 in the afternoon</p>	<p>Incorrect or ambiguous formats, e.g.</p> <p>07.3; 073; 07 3; 730; 73; 7.3; 7.3am; 7.30p.m</p> <p>19; 190; 19 000; 19.00am; 7.00am</p> <p>4.42am; 0442; 4.42</p> <p>Forty two (minutes) past sixteen Eighteen (minutes) to seventeen</p>

Question	Mark	Answer	
1	2Nn10	1	89

Question	Mark	Answer	
2	2Nc21	1	(\$)90

Question	Mark	Answer	
3	2P5	2	<p>2 (hours) 30 (minutes) 2 marks for correct answer.</p> <p>Award 1 mark if 150 minutes is shown in working out.</p> <p>Also award 1 mark if the hours and minutes are correct based on the wrong number of minutes, e.g. 100 minutes worked out, with 1 hours 40 minutes.</p>

Question	Mark	Answer	
4a	2D1	1	7
b	2D1	1	4

Question	Mark	Answer	
5	2Ss1	1	Cuboid
			Accept square prism or rectangular prism.

Question	Mark	Answer	
6	2Sm2	1	Accept 145 (cm).

Question	Mark	Answer	
7a	4D5	1	23
b	4D5	1	9

Question	Mark	Answer	
8a 4Nn16	1	$\frac{6}{100}$ accept 'hundredths' (spelling not important)	or equivalent
b 5Nn20	1	$\frac{6}{10}$ or equivalent	

Question	Mark	Answer	
9a 4Nn12	1	4	
b 4Nn12	1	2	

Question	Mark	Answer	
10 4Nc7	1	13	

Question	Mark	Answer	
11a 5P1	1	12.23 pm Accept 12.23pm	Also accept 12:23 or 12.23
b 5P1	1	29 minutes	

Question	Mark	Answer	
12 4Ss1	1	(Regular) hexagon	Accept reasonable misspellings. hexagon or regular hexagon

Question	Mark	Answer	
13 4Sp7	1	360°	Accept 360

Question	Mark	Answer	
14a 4Sm7	1	11:23	Accept 11.23, 23:23 or 23.23 Do not accept any words in the answer. Except am or pm.
b 4Sm7	1	02:50 or 14:50	Also accept 2:50.

Question	Mark	Answer	
15 5P2	1	Any three numbers which correctly total 1. For example, $0.2 + 0.3 + 0.5$	Accept fractions, decimals and negative integers All three numbers must be different.

Question	Mark	Answer	
16a 5Sp2	1	Either A and C or B and D.	Accept C and A or D and B
b 5Sp2	1	Any one of: A and B B and A B and C C and B C and D D and C D and A A and D	

Question	Mark	Answer	
17a 5Sm4	1	g or kg Award mark if both circled.	Accept any reasonable indication of a correct answer.
b 5Sm4	1	200 mm	Accept any reasonable indication of a correct answer.

Question	Mark	Answer	
18a 6Nc6	1	40	
b 6Nc4	1	3	Do not accept "2 remainder 2", or "2"

Question	Mark	Answer	
19 6D4	1	2.81 (seconds)	

Question		Mark	Answer	
20a	5Nn14	1	$\frac{19}{4}$	
b	5Nn14	1	$\frac{15}{20}$ $\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{15}{24}$ $\frac{10}{15}$ $\frac{20}{28}$	Any indicator of the correct answer will do

Question		Mark	Answer	
21	6Nn13	2	(\$12 and (\$16	1 mark for each correct answer

Question		Mark	Answer	
22	5P3	2	Byama is correct Accept explanations such as: $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10} = 0.5$ 0.5 is five tenths which simplifies to $\frac{1}{2}$ Diagrams which show the 2 quantities are equivalent.	1 mark 1 mark

Question		Mark	Answer	
23	6Ss1	2	Four equal sides. Four right angles. One pair of opposite parallel sides. Rhombus Rectangle Trapezium	2 marks for all three correct answers. 1 mark for correct answer.

Question		Mark	Answer	
24a	6Nn8	1	1 (2) (3) 4 (5) 6 (7) 8 9 10 (11) 12 (13) 14 15 16 (17) 18 (19) 20	All eight should be circled with no errors.

Question	Mark	Answer	
25 6Nc2	1	$5 \times (3 + 7) - 20 = 30$	

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